34.25. Solve: (a) The units of cB are

$$\frac{m}{s} \times T = \frac{m}{s} \times \frac{N}{(C)(m/s)} = \frac{N}{C}$$

These are the units for E. In the unit conversion, the units of tesla are taken from the equation $\vec{F} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$. (b) The magnitude of the Poynting vector is

$$S = \frac{EB}{\mu_0} = \frac{E}{\mu_0} \frac{E}{c} = \left(c^2 \varepsilon_0 \mu_0\right) \frac{E^2}{\mu_0 c} = c \varepsilon_0 E^2$$

The units of S are

$$c\varepsilon_0 E^2 \equiv \frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{s}} \times \frac{\mathrm{C}^2}{\mathrm{N} \mathrm{m}^2} \times \frac{\mathrm{N}}{\mathrm{C}} \times \frac{\mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{m}} = \frac{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{s}} \times \frac{\mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{m}^2} = \frac{\mathrm{A} \mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{m}^2} = \frac{\mathrm{W}}{\mathrm{m}^2}$$

In the unit conversion, we have used both N/C and V/m for the units of the electric field. Since P = IV for circuits, A V = W.